

INTENDED USE

For use as a preliminary screening test for diabetes, liver diseases, hemolytic diseases, ureogenital and kidney disorders and metabolic abnormalities.
Urine test strips for rapid semi-quantitative determination of ascorbic acid, bilirubin, blood, glucose, ketones, leucocytes, nitrite, pH-value, protein, specific gravity and urobilinogen in human urine. The WiduMed urine test strips are not for professional use.

SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION

Urine test strips are semi-quantitative test systems used to measure certain analytes in urine. These measurements are used in the screening for renal, hepatic and metabolic disorders as well as urinary tract infection of bacterial origin.
The WiduMed urine test strips include ascorbic acid protection for the blood and the glucose test pad. The package insert describes all types of WiduMed urine test strips listed in the information. All WiduMed urine test strips may be read visually. Refer to the carton and label for specific parameter combination on the product you are using.

TEST PRINCIPLE

Ascorbic acid: The test is based on the discoloration of Tillman's reagent. In the presence of ascorbic acid, the color changes from grey-blue to orange.

Bilirubin: A red azo compound is obtained in the presence of bilirubin by coupling of bilirubin with a diazonium salt. The presence of bilirubin leads to a color of red-orange peach.

Blood: The test is based on the pseudo-peroxidative activity of hemoglobin and myoglobin, which catalyze the oxidation of an indicator by an organic hydroperoxide and a chromogen producing a green color. Intact erythrocytes are reported by punctual colorations on the test pad, whereas hemoglobin and myoglobin are reported by a homogenous green coloration.

Glucose: The test is based on the glucose oxidase-peroxidase-chromogen reaction. The presence of glucose leads to a color change from yellow via lime green to dark teal.

Ketones: The test is based on the reaction of acetone and acetoacetic acid with sodium nitroprusside in alkaline solution to give a violet colored complex (Legal's test).

Leucocytes: The test is based on the esterase activity of granulocytes. This enzyme cleaves heterocyclic carboxylates. If the enzyme is released from the cell, it reacts with a diazonium salt producing a violet dye.

Nitrite: The test is based on the principle of the Griess reaction. Any degree of pink-orange coloration should be interpreted as a positive result.

pH: The test paper contains pH indicators, which clearly change color between pH 5 and pH 9 (from orange to green to turquoise).

Protein: The test is based on the "protein error" principle of an indicator. The test is especially sensitive in the presence of albumin. Other proteins are indicated with less sensitivity. The presence of protein leads to a color change from yellowish to mint green.

Specific Gravity: The test is based on a color change of the reagent from blue green to greenish yellow depending on the concentration of ions in the urine.

Urobilinogen: The test is based on the coupling of urobilinogen with a stabilized diazonium salt to a red azo compound. The presence of urobilinogen leads to a color change from light to dark pink.

REAGENTS

Ascorbinsäure: 2,6-dichlorphenolindophenol 0.7%

Bilirubin: diazonium salt 3.1%

Blood: tetramethylbenzidine-dihydrochloride 2.0%, isopropylbenzol-hydroperoxide 21.0%

Glucose: glucose oxidase 2.1%; peroxidase 0.9%; o-olidone-hydrochloride 5.0%

Ketone: 2,4-dinitrophenol 0.4%; diazo-coumarin 0.4%; diazonium salt 3.1%

Leucocytes: carboxylic acid ester 0.4%; diazonium salt 0.2%

Nitrite: tetrahydrobenzo[b]quinolin-3-ol 1.5%; sulfanilic acid 1.9%

pH: methyl red 2.0%; bromothymol blue 10.0%

Protein: tetrampropophenol blue 0.2%

Specific Gravity: bromothymol blue 2.8%

Urobilinogen: diazonium salt 3.6%

WARNING AND PRECAUTIONS

The performance characteristics of the WiduMed urine test strips have been determined on the basis of In Vitro Diagnose Use. For the secure Umgang mit Urinteststreifen und zur Vermeidung von Kontakt mit potentiell infektiösen Substanzen sind die allgemeinen Arbeitsvorschriften für das Labor zu beachten. Testfelder nicht berühren. Verschlucken und Kontakt mit den Augen und Schleimhäuten vermeiden. Vor Kindern unzugänglich aufbewahren. Die Entsorgung gebrauchter Teststreifen muss den örtlichen Bestimmungen entsprechen. Das Sicherheitsblatt steht zum Download auf unserer Homepage <http://analyticon-diagnostics.com> zur Verfügung.

Bitte auf die lokale Anwendung des Produkts hinweisen. Wenn ein schwerwiegendes Vorkommnis aufgetreten ist, informieren Sie bitte den Hersteller und gegebenenfalls die zuständige Behörde des Landes, in dem sich die Anwender und / oder Patienten befinden.

INDICATIONS OF DETERIORATION

Do not use discolored urine test strips. External influences such as humidity, light and extreme temperatures can cause a discoloration of test pads and may indicate deterioration.

STORAGE AND STABILITY

Store the tubes in a cool and dry place (storage temperature 2–30 °C). Keep urine test strips protected from direct sunlight, humidity and extreme temperatures. The urine test strips can be used until the given expiry date if stored and handled as specified in the package insert.

SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND PREPARATION

Testing of fresh, native, well-mixed and non-centrifuged urine is recommended. Protect the samples from light. First morning urine is preferable and shall be tested within 2 hours. If immediate testing is not applicable, store samples at 2–4 °C. Allow the sample to reach room temperature (15–25 °C) and mix them before testing.

Collection tubes must be clean, dry and free from detergents, biocides or disinfectants. Do not add preservatives.

PROCEDURE

- Use fresh, well-mixed native urine.
- Remove only the number of urine test strips intended to be used for measurement, and immediately close the vial again tightly with the original cap.
- Dip the urine test strip shortly (approx. 1–2 seconds) into the well-mixed urine. Make sure that all test pads are immersed in the sample.
- Wipe the edge of the strip on the rim of the sample container to remove excess urine.
- Dab the edge of the urine test strip on an absorbent paper to hold the urine test strip in a horizontal position during incubation. Compare the test pads on the urine test strip with the corresponding color chart on the vial 80 seconds (60–120 seconds for leucocytes) after immersion. Color changes that appear more than 2 minutes after immersion should not be evaluated. Visual evaluation should be carried out in daylight (or under daylight lamps), but not under direct sunlight. Any color change that cannot be assigned to the color chart on the vial label, or that is restricted to the rim of the test pads, is without meaning and should not be used for interpretation.

MATERIALS PROVIDED

Packaging with WiduMed urine test strips.

QUALITY CONTROL

Performance of urine test strips should be checked with appropriate quality control materials (e.g. REF 93010: CombScreen® Dip Check; REF 93015: CombScreen® Drop Check), according to the internal guidelines of the laboratory and the local regulations. It is recommended to perform control measurements after opening a new vial of urine test strips or with a batch of urine test strips. Each laboratory is obliged to establish its own quality control standards. It is necessary to compare the resulting color development with the label, as some control materials may show atypical color development.

RESULTS AND EXPECTED VALUES

Each laboratory should evaluate the transferability of the expected values to its own patient population and, if necessary, determine its own reference ranges.

The color changes of the test pads correspond to the analyte concentrations described in Table 1.

LIMITATIONS OF THE PROCEDURE

In order to establish a final diagnosis and prescribe an appropriate therapy, the results obtained with urine test strips need to be evaluated in combination with other medical results and the patient's medical history.

Urinateststreifen für die schnelle semiquantitative Bestimmung von Ascorbinsäure, Bilirubin, Blut, Glucose, Ketone, Leukozyten, Nitrit, pH, Protein, speziellem Gewicht und Urobilinogen in humanem Urin. Die WiduMed Urin test strips sind nur für professionellen Einsatz.

ZUSAMMENFASSUNG UND ERKLÄRUNG

Urin test strips are semi-quantitative test systems used to measure certain analytes in urine. These measurements are used in the screening for renal, hepatic and metabolic disorders as well as urinary tract infection of bacterial origin.

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TESTPRINZIPIEN

Ascorbic acid: The test is based on the discoloration of Tillman's reagent. In the presence of ascorbic acid, the color changes from grey-blue to orange.

Bilirubin: A red azo compound is obtained in the presence of bilirubin by coupling of bilirubin with a diazonium salt. The presence of bilirubin leads to a color of red-orange peach.

Blood: The test is based on the pseudo-peroxidative activity of hemoglobin and myoglobin, which catalyze the oxidation of an indicator by an organic hydroperoxide and a chromogen producing a green color. Intact erythrocytes are reported by punctual colorations on the test pad, whereas hemoglobin and myoglobin are reported by a homogenous green coloration.

Glucose: The test is based on the glucose oxidase-peroxidase-chromogen reaction. The presence of glucose leads to a color change from yellow via lime green to dark teal.

Ketones: The test is based on the reaction of acetone and acetoacetic acid with sodium nitroprusside in alkaline solution to give a violet colored complex (Legal's test).

Leucocytes: The test is based on the esterase activity of granulocytes. This enzyme cleaves heterocyclic carboxylates. If the enzyme is released from the cell, it reacts with a diazonium salt producing a violet dye.

Nitrite: The test is based on the principle of the Griess reaction. Any degree of pink-orange coloration should be interpreted as a positive result.

pH: The test paper contains pH indicators, which clearly change color between pH 5 and pH 9 (from orange to green to turquoise).

Protein: The test is based on the "protein error" principle of an indicator. The test is especially sensitive in the presence of albumin. Other proteins are indicated with less sensitivity. The presence of protein leads to a color change from yellowish to mint green.

Specific Gravity: The test is based on a color change of the reagent from blue green to greenish yellow depending on the concentration of ions in the urine.

Urobilinogen: The test is based on the coupling of urobilinogen with a stabilized diazonium salt to a red azo compound. The presence of urobilinogen leads to a color change from light to dark pink.

REAGENTS

Ascorbinsäure: 2,6-dichlorphenolindophenol 0.7%

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Blood: tetramethylbenzidine-dihydrochloride 2.0%, isopropylbenzol-hydroperoxide 21.0%

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Nitrite: tetrahydrobenzo[b]quinolin-3-ol 1.5%; sulfanilic acid 1.9%

pH: methyl red 2.0%; bromothymol blue 10.0%

Protein: tetrampropophenol blue 0.2%

Specific Gravity: bromothymol blue 2.8%

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WIRKSAME BESTANDTEILE

Ascorbinsäure: 2,6-dichlorphenolindophenol 0.7%

Bilirubin: diazonium salt 3.1%

Blood: tetramethylbenzidine-dihydrochloride 2.0%, isopropylbenzol-hydroperoxide 21.0%

Glucose: glucose oxidase 2.1%; peroxidase 0.9%; o-olidone-hydrochloride 5.0%

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Protein: tetrampropophenol blue 0.2%

Specific Gravity: bromothymol blue 2.8%

Urobilinogen: diazonium salt 3.6%

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

The performance characteristics of the WiduMed urine test strips have been determined on the basis of In Vitro Diagnose Use. For the secure Umgang mit Urinteststreifen und zur Vermeidung von Kontakt mit potentiell infektiösen Substanzen sind die allgemeinen Arbeitsvorschriften für das Labor zu beachten. Testfelder nicht berühren. Verschlucken und Kontakt mit den Augen und Schleimhäuten vermeiden. Vor Kindern unzugänglich aufbewahren. Die Entsorgung gebrauchter Teststreifen muss den örtlichen Bestimmungen entsprechen. Das Sicherheitsblatt steht zum Download auf unserer Homepage <http://analyticon-diagnostics.com> zur Verfügung.

Bitte auf die lokale Anwendung des Produkts hinweisen. Wenn ein schwerwiegendes Vorkommnis aufgetreten ist, informieren Sie bitte den Hersteller und gegebenenfalls die zuständige Behörde des Landes, in dem sich die Anwender und / oder Patienten befinden.

HINWEISE ZUM VERFAHREN

Verwenden sie keine verfärbten Teststreifen. Externe Einflüsse wie Feuchtigkeit, Licht oder extreme Temperaturen können zur Verfärbung der Teststreifen und zu einer Verschlechterung der Funktionsfähigkeit des Testfelder führen.

WARNHINWEISE UND VORSICHTSMASSNAHMEN

Der In vitro diagnostischen Anwendung.

Für den sicheren Umgang mit Urinteststreifen und zur Vermeidung von Kontakt mit potentiell infektiösen Substanzen sind die allgemeinen Arbeitsvorschriften für das Labor zu beachten. Testfelder nicht berühren.

Teststreifen und Kontakt mit den Augen und Schleimhäuten vermeiden. Vor Kindern unzugänglich aufbewahren. Die Entsorgung gebrauchter Teststreifen muss den örtlichen Bestimmungen entsprechen. Das Sicherheitsblatt steht zum Download auf unserer Homepage <http://analyticon-diagnostics.com> zur Verfügung.

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LEISTUNGSMERKMALE

Die Leistungsmarken der WiduMed Urinteststreifen wurden auf Basis analytischer Leistungsstudien bestimmt. Die Test Performance der Urinteststreifen wurde durch ihre Übereinstimmung mit im Handel erhältlichen Urinteststreifen charakterisiert.

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Bitte auf die lokale Anwendung des Produkts hinweisen.

Ascorbic acid: 10–15 mg/dL Bilirubin: >0.6 mg/dL (10 µmol/L) Blut: >2 Ery/l Glukoz: >20 mg/dL (1.1 mmol/L) Ketone: >54 mg/dL (0.5 mmol/L) Leukozyten: 15–20 Leu/l Nitrit: 0.05–0.1 mg/dL (11–22 µmol/L) Protein: >15 mg/dL (10 µmol/L) Urobilinogen: 1–2 mg/dL (16.9–33.8 µmol/L)

Test Performance (extended concordance)

Ascorbic acid: n.a. Bilirubin: 98.7–99.6 % Blut: 99.6–100 % Ketone: 100 % Leukozyten: 96.9–98.2 % Nitrit: 100 % pH: 98.6–100 % Protein: 98.2–99.6 % SG: 88.9–96.6 % Urobilinogen: 89.5–100 %

n.a.: nicht anwendbar

PROBEHABERNAHME UND VORBEREITUNG

Verwendung von frischem, gut gem

